

Two Georgia Women.

Within fifteen miles of Atlanta, in a pleasant little village, is perhaps the only lady depot agent in Georgia. It is possible that she is the only one in this country. She was left dependent on her own exertions several months ago by the death of her husband, who was the village depot agent at the time of his demise. Although the railroad was in no way responsible for the agent's sudden death, the vacancy at the depot was promptly tendered the widow. The pay was \$1 a day, which in the country is a good salary for a woman. The position was accepted, and the lady depot agent was duly installed. She receives and forwards freight, sells tickets and attends to whatever business falls to her lot, and is giving entire satisfaction to the road and to the public. The idea of a lady depot agent swinging a lantern around the platform of the depot, meeting trains and answering tiresome questions for a dull public seemed novel and heroic to me. I mentioned the circumstance and expressed my admiration in the presence of some lady friends. I thought I had found a real heroine, and was quite surprised by the lack of enthusiasm which followed my recital.

After a pause one of the ladies remarked: "The widow who took her husband's place at the depot deserves great praise, but there are many household vacancies to be filled and few depots to be kept. Three years ago I knew a girl—a graceful, slight anemone, with fair, smooth hair; nervous, cold little hands, and big, deep-blue eyes sensitively mirroring all emotions that stirred her gentle heart. I never rested my eyes on her graceful little form without thinking somehow of the 'Puritan maiden, Priscilla,' and the charm of her pure, sweet nature. To-day I met my little friend and she was robed in black and had veiled in folds of crape her shining gold hair and tender blue eyes. This meek girl, this fair maiden Priscilla, 'all steeped in angel instincts, had taken upon her own heart and hands the cares and duties of mother to her young orphaned brothers and sisters."

"The widow and the young girl both deserve praise," I remarked, "and both instances are sad."

"Yes," was the reply. "It is the pity of it, Iago, the pity of it in both cases; only the budding flower loses the joy of slowly unfolding to the soft sunshine and rain of life's spring time, while the widow has known both the tender bliss of youth's May-days and the calm delights of the summer's fruitage."

One is the heroism that dares—the other is the fortitude that endures. But a girl who patiently and lovingly devotes life's sweetest season to the good of others, setting her own heart-throbs aside in a sacred silence, earns the tenderest sympathies and sweetest favors that friendship can bestow."

I did not reply. Perhaps we men don't know much about it any way.—*Atlanta Constitution.*

A proposed method for making window glass by rolling instead of blowing has been described recently in the Pittsburg papers and commented upon at some length. Though the description of the process is not very clear, it would seem as if the intention of the inventor is to run the molten glass as it comes from the pot between two hollow reversible rolls heated with natural gas by pipes full of perforations placed on the inside of the rolls. As the rolled glass passes through the rolls it is received on the opposite side on an iron plate, also heated, from which it is passed into the annealing furnace. It is claimed that by this process a glass of uniform thickness and polished ready for the sash can be made.

One of the curiosities of the animal kingdom is the eulachon or candle-fish of the Northwestern Pacific. It is about fourteen inches long, resembles the smelt in appearance, and is caught in large quantities in the early spring. It is the fattest of all known fishes for which reason its dried and smoked flesh is highly esteemed as a warming food for winter by the Indians, by whom the oil also is drunk. So fat is the fish that when dried it burns with a bright flame until entirely consumed, forming a candle much used among the Indians, either with or without a wooden wick passed through the body.

The French Journal of Hygiene estimates the probabilities of life for moderate drinkers and total abstainers as follows: A moderate drinker at 20 years of age may expect to live about fifteen years; at 40 twelve years; at 40 ten years; at 50 eight years. The hope of a total abstainer is—at 20 years forty years of life; at 30 about thirty-six years; at 40 about twenty-eight years; at 50 twenty-one years; at 60 fifteen years.

Few men are so clever as to know all the mischief they do.

Schedule of Arrivals and Departure of Mails at the Logan Postoffice.

ARRIVALS.
8:15 a. m.; 9:57 a. m.; 1:37 p. m.; 5:15 p. m.
DEPARTURES.
7:45 a. m.; 9:27 a. m.; 1:07 p. m.; 1:45 p. m.

STAR ROUTE MAILS.
Arrive at 11:30 a. m.; leave at 1:00 p. m. Mails to and from the following towns on Tuesdays, Thursdays and Saturdays of each week:
South Bloomingville, Cedar Grove, Haynes, Black Jack, South Perry, Gibsonville, Rock House, Mt. Pleasant, Swan, Hesboro, Ewing.

The United States as a Meat-Producing Nation.

Although our wheat crop is much larger than that of last year—indeed our winter wheat is exceptionally good—yet the fact remains that we are never likely to sell as much grain to foreign nations as we did from 1877 to 1884. For one thing, we consume more grain ourselves, for there are ten million more of us now than in 1880, when the last census was taken. But while we export less grain, we shall send abroad very much larger quantities of beef mutton, pork, and lamb. This will be an advantage to us, for the cropping of grain robs the soil of its fertility, while the raising of cattle not only enriches the land but returns us a large profit. Since 1860 we have developed prodigiously what may be called our beef, hog, and fish crops. In 1870, we had 23,820,000 head of cattle. In 1885, we had 45,000,000. At the present rate of increase, we shall have 70,000,000 in 1905 and 140,000,000 in 1925. Then the great corn crops we have had since 1870 have enormously increased the number of hogs for our own use and for exportation. For the last two years our corn crops were unusually large, while it is very promising this year, and this means that hog products will be plentiful and cheap for the next two years to come. Wheat can be raised in many quarters of the globe, but the only available cattle ranches outside of the United States are in Australia and South America, but we have the decided advantage of being nearer the meat consuming nations. Then, within the year there has been a wonderful development of fish food, due to the artificial hatching of fish by the National and State Fish Commissions. There are probably twenty pounds of fish to-day available for food where there was only ten years ago, and the process of stocking our streams is still going on; and then there will be immense additions to our stock of poultry and dairy products. So far as physical necessities are concerned we are the most favored nation on earth. We grow more grain than we can consume, while our animal food products are so abundant that we could feed half the world and have enough left for ourselves besides.—*From Demorest's Monthly for September.*

Cuba is Free.

Glorious news from Spain! Cuba is free! We are rejoiced to find that the long delayed measure of justice has been accorded to the blacks of Cuba. The news comes in the following dispatch:
MADRID, July 28.—In the Chamber of Deputies to-day Senor Labra moved a resolution that the Government free as soon as possible the remaining 26,000 slaves in Cuba. The President of the Chamber congratulated the members on the "crowning of the glorious work of the abolition of slavery," which will soon set the remaining 26,000 slaves in the Island free. Hurrah for Cuba! She now becomes a star of beauty in the galaxy of redeemed from the awful curse of human bondage. A final redemption from the curse of the liquor traffic will be the culmination of her great and glorious destiny as one of the gems of the ocean.—*From Demorest's Monthly for September.*

A little girl went visiting one day, and after a time was given the album of the family photographs to look at. She turned the leaves over carefully, and pretty soon closed the book. "Well dear," asked her hostess, "did you look at the album?" "Oh yes answered the little maid brightly. "And we've got one 'zactly like it, only the pictures are prettier."

A little "fresh-air child" at Elkland, who had never seen a cow before, was watching the milking process, with eyes full of astonishment. After looking on in silence for some time she drew near and, placing her hand on the cow's distended side, exclaimed: "Why! she's chock-full of it, ain't she?"

A minister made an interminable call upon a lady of his acquaintance. Her little daughter, who was present, grew weary of his conversation and whispered in an audible key: "Don't he bring his amen with him, mamma?"

One Single Fare to Chicago and Return on Saturdays.

The Chicago & Atlantic R'y Co., will issue, commencing Saturday, August 14 and continuing until further notice, round trip excursion tickets from all stations to Chicago and return at one single fare for the round trip on Saturdays only. These tickets will be good going only on train No. 1, of Saturdays, which arrives in Chicago at 6:45 p. m., and will be accepted for the return passage on any regular train scheduled to stop at station named on ticket, if presented not later than train No. 10, leaving Chicago at 8:30 a. m. Monday following day of sale. These reduced rates will enable the patrons of this line to visit Chicago at a very nominal cost. For further information, call on or address the nearest agent of the company. S. W. SNOW, G. P. A. F. BROUGHTON, Gen'l Man., Chicago.

Now Go

Via the C. H. V. & T. R'y, to any of the land sections of the great west, while you can take advantage of the cheap rates, Sept. 7th and 22d, 1886. On the above dates the C. H. V. & T. R'y will sell round trip excursion tickets, to all land points in Missouri, Arkansas, Kansas, Nebraska, Texas, Minnesota and Dakota. The rate will not be more than one fare for the round trip. This is the finest opportunity offered for years, to see the great west and visit friends.

Extension tickets will be sold by terminal roads to points beyond at about one fare for the round trip upon presentation of your ticket.

As the short and quick route to all points in the southwest, west or northwest, it is for your interest to start right, the best accommodations and bottom rates are offered you by the C. H. V. & T. R'y.

For full particulars, write to or call on any ticket agent Columbus, Hocking Valley & Toledo Railway.

STUKEY BROTHERS' SUMMER CRAMP CURE,

Through-by-Night Pills.
For Sale by F. F. REMPEL and J. N. ALTOP, Logan, O. 3m 8

Don't forget the Grand Harvest Excursions to the Great West over the C. H. V. & T. R'y, on Sept. 7th, and 21st. One fare for the round trip. For further information call on or write, C. W. SCHWENKE, Logan, Ohio

Monopoly in Business.

One of the most striking phenomena in the trade in this country is the successful attempts of great syndicates of capitalists to monopolize certain branches of business. The Standard Oil Co., for instance, has a practical monopoly of the refining and sale of petroleum oil. They have driven other refiners out of the business. Literally thousands of small dealers have been ruined to swell the profits of this giant monopoly. But somewhat unexpectedly the oil-consuming public have been benefited. Kerosene and all the illuminants made from petroleum is from fifty to seventy per cent. cheaper than when the local refiners had the field to themselves. Then the quality of the oil is far superior to what it was in times past. While, therefore, the Standard Oil Co. has been a grievous injury to thousands of refiners and merchants, it has directly benefited the millions that consume mineral oils. A similar revolution is taking place in the meat business. Five large firms, whose headquarters are at Chicago, kill the cattle in the west and send the meat in refrigerating cars to all parts of the Middle and Eastern States. In doing this they have deprived tens of thousands of cattle dealers and butchers of their means of livelihood, for they can sell their meat to the consumer very much cheaper than was possible under the old methods. Then the cattle are spared the torture of thousands of miles of rail road travel, as they are killed in the neighborhood where raised. Dressed meat is now being supplied to customers at a reduction of fully twenty per cent. So the meat business is undergoing the same evolution as the illuminating oil business. Thousands of dealers are injured, but millions of consumers are benefited. This same monopolizing tendency is showing itself in all the great industries of the country. Its results so far has been to diminish the numbers of our middle class and heap up wealth in few hands. While it increases the number of workers of all kinds it is adding to their comforts. The steady growth of these monopolies in various industries has not attracted the attention from the political economists and the communities its importance merits.—*From Demorest's Monthly for September.*

JOHN E. RAUCH,

Always to the Front.
The 1d Reliable Shoe Store.

BOOTS & SHOES.

The very best and latest styles of Men's, Ladies' and Children's SHOES.

Heavy and Strong Boots and Shoes, for every day work; also Light, Elegant, Fashionable for Gents, Ladies, Misses and Children.

The Best Assortment
Of any store in Logan. The cheapest prices and the most reliable goods.

Boots, Shoes and Slippers promptly repaired.

CUSTOM WORK.

The best shoemakers of Logan are employed, and work made to order. The public has my thanks for liberal custom, and are invited to continue their patronage.

JOHN E. RAUCH.

1m3
List of Justices of the Peace and Township Clerks of Hocking County, O.

BENTON TOWNSHIP.

JUSTICES OF THE PEACE.

NAMES. POST OFFICE.

E. T. Horn, Cedar Grove.

A. J. Devore, South Bloomingville.

George W. Gill, South Bloomingville.

FALLS TOWNSHIP.

JUSTICES OF THE PEACE.

Wm. M. Dwyer, Logan.

John F. White, Logan.

Benjamin Belmont, Logan.

Geo. W. Breim, Logan.

D. M. Kanolds, Logan.

CLERK OF LOGAN SCHOOL DISTRICT.

John Hansen, Logan.

CLERK GORE SCHOOL DISTRICT.

P. J. Goodlive, New Gore.

GOODHOPE TOWNSHIP.

JUSTICES OF THE PEACE.

Albert Wear, Rock Bridge.

O. R. Huls, Rock Bridge.

Wm. Carpenter, Rock Bridge.

CLERK MILLVILLE SCHOOL DISTRICT.

Geo. W. Dupler, Rock Bridge.

GREEN TOWNSHIP.

JUSTICES OF THE PEACE.

John C. Wolf, Logan.

Charles Nunnemaker, Greendale.

Elias Clark, Logan.

LAUREL TOWNSHIP.

JUSTICES OF THE PEACE.

Thos. Hutchinson, Gibsonville.

Charles Cuffy, Gibsonville.

T. D. Woods, Gibsonville.

CLERK.

L. Gladman, Gibsonville.

CLERK GIBSONVILLE SCHOOL DISTRICT.

J. S. Moreland, Gibsonville.

MARION TOWNSHIP.

JUSTICES OF THE PEACE.

G. W. Frazier, Logan.

John S. Martin, Bremen or Logan.

Reason Barnes, Logan.

PERRY TOWNSHIP.

JUSTICES OF THE PEACE.

P. M. Floyd, South Perry.

J. B. Rissom, Laurelville.

T. J. Stump, South Perry.

CLERK.

P. M. Floyd, South Perry.

CLERK LAURELVILLE SCHOOL DISTRICT.

J. B. Rissom, Laurelville.

SALTCREEK TOWNSHIP.

JUSTICES OF THE PEACE.

D. L. Davis, Haynes.

Benjamin Stevenson, Haynes.

CLERK.

J. C. Butler, Haynes.

STARR TOWNSHIP.

JUSTICES OF THE PEACE.

J. C. Henderson, Union Furnace.

F. M. Sims, Starr.

CLERK.

H. S. Brown, Starr.

WARD TOWNSHIP.

JUSTICES OF THE PEACE.

Elias Bondmut, Carbonhill.

H. N. Ogden, Carbonhill.

CLERK.

John E. Short, Carbonhill.

WASHINGTON TOWNSHIP.

JUSTICES OF THE PEACE.

A. W. Mauk, Swan.

E. G. Martin, Ewing.

CLERK.

F. M. Gordon, Ewing.

Columbus, Hocking Valley and Toledo

RAILWAY.

TIME CARD.

Taking Effect May 30th, 1886.

Central Time.

SOUTH BOUND.

Ly Toledo 4:40 am 10:10 am 5:35 pm

" " 5:57 am 11:33 am 7:02 pm

" " 7:40 am 12:05 pm 8:15 pm

" " 9:10 am 1:35 pm 9:15 pm

" " 10:40 am 3:05 pm 10:45 pm

" " 12:10 pm 4:35 pm 12:15 pm

" " 1:40 pm 5:05 pm 1:45 pm

" " 3:10 pm 5:35 pm 3:15 pm

" " 4:40 pm 6:05 pm 4:45 pm

" " 6:10 pm 7:35 pm 6:15 pm

" " 7:40 pm 8:10 pm 7:45 pm

" " 9:10 pm 9:40 pm 9:15 pm

" " 10:40 pm 11:10 pm 10:45 pm

" " 12:10 pm 12:40 pm 12:15 pm

" " 1:40 pm 2:10 pm 1:45 pm

" " 3:10 pm 3:40 pm 3:15 pm

" " 4:40 pm 5:10 pm 4:45 pm

" " 6:10 pm 6:40 pm 6:15 pm

" " 7:40 pm 8:10 pm 7:45 pm

" " 9:10 pm 9:40 pm 9:15 pm

" " 10:40 pm 11:10 pm 10:45 pm

" " 12:10 pm 12:40 pm 12:15 pm

" " 1:40 pm 2:10 pm 1:45 pm

" " 3:10 pm 3:40 pm 3:15 pm

" " 4:40 pm 5:10 pm 4:45 pm

" " 6:10 pm 6:40 pm 6:15 pm

" " 7:40 pm 8:10 pm 7:45 pm

" " 9:10 pm 9:40 pm 9:15 pm

" " 10:40 pm 11:10 pm 10:45 pm

" " 12:10 pm 12:40 pm 12:15 pm

" " 1:40 pm 2:10 pm 1:45 pm

" " 3:10 pm 3:40 pm 3:15 pm

" " 4:40 pm 5:10 pm 4:45 pm

" " 6:10 pm 6:40 pm 6:15 pm

" " 7:40 pm 8:10 pm 7:45 pm

" " 9:10 pm 9:40 pm 9:15 pm

" " 10:40 pm 11:10 pm 10:45 pm

" " 12:10 pm 12:40 pm 12:15 pm

" " 1:40 pm 2:10 pm 1:45 pm

" " 3:10 pm 3:40 pm 3:15 pm

" " 4:40 pm 5:10 pm 4:45 pm

" " 6:10 pm 6:40 pm 6:15 pm

" " 7:40 pm 8:10 pm 7:45 pm

" " 9:10 pm 9:40 pm 9:15 pm

" " 10:40 pm 11:10 pm 10:45 pm

" " 12:10 pm 12:40 pm 12:15 pm

" " 1:40 pm 2:10 pm 1:45 pm

" " 3:10 pm 3:40 pm 3:15 pm

" " 4:40 pm 5:10 pm 4:45 pm

" " 6:10 pm 6:40 pm 6:15 pm

" " 7:40 pm 8:10 pm 7:45 pm

" " 9:10 pm 9:40 pm 9:15 pm

" " 10:40 pm 11:10 pm 10:45 pm

" " 12:10 pm 12:40 pm 12:15 pm

" " 1:40 pm 2:10 pm 1:45 pm

" " 3:10 pm 3:40 pm 3:15 pm

" " 4:40 pm 5:10 pm 4:45 pm

" " 6:10 pm 6:40 pm 6:15 pm

" " 7:40 pm 8:10 pm 7:45 pm

" " 9:10 pm 9:40 pm 9:15 pm

" " 10:40 pm 11:10 pm 10:45 pm

" " 12:10 pm 12:40 pm 12:15 pm

" " 1:40 pm 2:10 pm 1:45 pm

" " 3:10 pm 3:40 pm 3:15 pm

" " 4:40 pm 5:10 pm 4:45 pm

" " 6:10 pm 6:40 pm 6:15 pm

" " 7:40 pm 8:10 pm 7:45 pm

" " 9:10 pm 9:40 pm 9:15 pm

" " 10:40 pm 11:10 pm 10:45 pm

" " 12:10 pm 12:40 pm 12:15 pm

" " 1:40 pm 2:10 pm 1:45 pm

" " 3:10 pm 3:40 pm 3:15 pm

" " 4:40 pm 5:10 pm 4:45 pm

" " 6:10 pm 6:40 pm 6:15 pm

" " 7:40 pm 8:10 pm 7:45 pm

" " 9:10 pm 9:40 pm 9:15 pm

" " 10:40 pm 11:10 pm 10:45 pm

" " 12:10 pm 12:40 pm 12:15 pm

" " 1:40 pm 2:10 pm 1:45 pm

" " 3:10 pm 3:40 pm 3:15 pm

</